

## **Islamic Republic of Iran and Zionist Regime; Ideological Confluence, Strategic Confrontation**

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It has possible in some academic or research center have an assumption that Iran would adopt the interaction approach, rather than confrontation one, towards Zionist regime, because of hostility between the Islamic Republic of Iran and Arab states. Therefore, the main question of the article is: Is it possible that the Islamic Republic of Iran and Zionist regime arrive at a compromise? The hypothesis of article rejects such possibility as Islamic identity resulted from Islamic revolution confirms that Zionist regime doesn't belong to history, civilization and culture of Middle East and its existence is unrecognizable. Developments of Islamic revolution over four decades, given the double cost the confrontation, have conveyed the meaning.

**Keywords:** Islamic Republic of Iran, Zionist regime, Identity, Ideology, Strategy.

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## **The analysis of capabilities of Haj in Palestine problem** **(The emphasis on thoughts of Imam Khomeini and Supreme Leader)**

**Mohsen Mohammadi**<sup>1</sup>

Palestine is one of the most important of problems of the Islamic world which is not restricted to Arabic, sectarian and territorial issues. In fact, it is extraterritorial and transnational. Meanwhile, Haj, was survived by thoughts of Imam Khomeini and Supreme Leader, is a transnational worship which could advocate the Islam world.

On the one hand, Haj is to unite the Muslims in the Islamic world by demonstrating solidarity and convergence and on the other hand it would gather Muslims around Israel, as a common enemy, by demonstrations against infidels.

The analysis suggests that the messages of Imams and Leader in Haj in order to support Palestine, has three elements:

Knowledge aspect: the role of states, practical solution, knowing the enemy, providing an example of a fight, expressing the damages of the fight, ties between interest of Islamic Uma and the interest of Uma.

Oriental aspect: provoking the emotions of Muslims, raising the morale of the Muslims.

Action aspect: creating unity, condemning the crimes and aggressions of Israel.

**Keywords:** Haj, Palestine Ideal, Islamic Uma, identity seeking, Israel, Islamic Awakening.

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## European Union Foreign Policy Towards Israel Regime

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After the occupation of Palestine by Zionist Regime, great powers have always tried to resolve the Palestine-Israel conflict by providing different solutions. The conflict has several main elements, including security, territorial differences, refugees, settlement and condition of Jerusalem. With regard to the role of Europeans in creating the conflict, the author would answer to the question: what are the main elements of the European Union foreign policy towards Israel regime? Given that the European Union is a cluster state, it is expected that European Union could play a role, unlike the United States, towards Israel regime by adopting coherent foreign policy and cooperating with the United Nations.

**Keywords:** European Union, Cluster State, Palestinian Groups, Zionist Regime, Conflict Resolution

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## **US presidents and Palestine- Israel conflict**

**(The case study of Obama presidency)**

**Mohammad Soltaninejad<sup>1</sup>**

Since 1948, US foreign policy towards Palestine – Israel has had ups and downs. Nevertheless, some factors, such as the alliance between America and Israel in cold war era, the presence of Israel lobby in America and the ties between interests of Israel and US national security after 9/11 attached great importance to Palestine-Israel conflict in American foreign policy and make it a priority among US preferences in the Middle East. The main question of the article is: How change of US presidents will impact on its foreign policy towards Palestine – Israel conflict? The hypothesis of the article is: the change of US presidents has not impacted on US foreign policy towards Palestine – Israel conflict. As a case study, the author would analyze the stance of the Palestine problem in US foreign policy in Barak Obama era and conclude that Obama, despite his early efforts, could not take steps to resolve the Palestine-Israel due to several factors such as inflexibility of Israel, developments in Syria and Yemen and Iran nuclear deal.

**Keywords:** Palestine, United States, Barak Obama, Israel, Settlement.

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## Abstracts

### Evolution of Saudi Arabia's Approaches Towards Zionist Regime

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Palestine-Israel is the primary problem of Islamic world. Over recent seven decades, more foreign policy of Middle Eastern countries tends to Islamic identity, more they consider Palestine in priority of their foreign policy. Moreover, Palestine has an Arabic and sectarian aspect which Arab countries pay attention to it. Saudi Arabia has always claimed that Islam is the most important of the identity's source of its foreign policy. Palestine crisis is the most important problem of Islamic world in the region, so the main question of the article is: what kind of change does King Salman make in Saudi Arabia's foreign policy towards the Zionist regime? The hypothesis of the article is: Palestine-Israel crisis is no longer the priority of Saudi Arabia's foreign policy because of three intervening variables, including agency, the shift in the regional balance of power and the change in American foreign policy. The research is conducted by descriptive-analytic method.

**Keywords:** Saudi Arabia, Palestine, King Salman, Israel, Islamic Revolution.

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